CLAS Guidelines for External Review Letters [rev. 7-10-19]

Outside review letters are crucial to the success of the promotion application. The review letters provide an independent, expert assessment of scholarship and standing in the discipline.

Suggested timeline

April/May

- Review your tenure and promotion guidelines, or your MOU, if applicable, and talk to your chair and peer committee chair to determine the usual procedure in your own unit. If you have a joint appointment, be sure to talk to chairs or directors in both units, preferably together.
- The Dean’s Office recommends that the candidate and the peer committee each generate names, and that the final slate of external reviewers includes names from both lists.
- The candidate must review the proposed list of external reviewers to identify any conflicts of interest.
- Develop a final list of names (3 letters required; candidates typically have 4-7 letters; safest to have additional names on hand just in case)
  - The evaluator should hold at least the rank for which the candidate is being considered.
  - The evaluator should be professionally recognized within the discipline and be affiliated with an institution at least comparable to UMaine.
  - The evaluator’s objectivity should not be open to challenge because of a relationship to the candidate. Avoid asking former mentors and classmates, close collaborators, colleagues at previous institutions, personal friends, or others who might give the appearance of less than complete objectivity. More on this below.
  - Generally, evaluators should not be retired/emeritus.

May

- Chair (ordinarily) or peer committee chair contacts evaluators on your behalf
  - Sample solicitation letters are available upon request to department chairs from the Dean’s Office.
  - Evaluators must be notified that the review letters are not confidential and will be shared with the candidate.
  - Evaluators should be given specific information regarding the University of Maine tenure and promotion guidelines that apply to the candidate (most chairs include the guidelines or MOU). They should be reminded not to apply their own institution’s standard.
  - Letters must be on university letterhead and signed (digital is fine).
  - It is best to give evaluators a deadline earlier than required (say, September 15).
- Prepare the materials you plan to share with reviewers (typically publications, CV, research narrative). You should not share scholarly work from prior to the period under review.
- You are not expected to share the UMS T&P form.
- If external evaluators are expected to comment on teaching, include a teaching narrative, sample syllabi, peer assessments, and a quantitative summary of student evaluations.
- If external evaluators are expected to comment on administrative duties or service, include a clear description of this role and relevant documentation of activities and accomplishments in this area.

June

- Share materials with reviewers to give them ample time to prepare a letter. Generally this is done electronically, either by giving reviewers access to a Google drive or via emailed PDFs.
• Ideally, the reviewers will have 10-12 weeks to read the material and compose a detailed assessment of the candidate’s published work, overall research program, stature in the field, and potential for future impact.

July-September
• As letters come in, the department chair or peer committee chair adds them to the candidate’s Google drive folder.
• The chair should stay on top of what letters are in and should send reminders to evaluators if necessary.
• Individual departments’ practices differ on exactly when external letters are shared with candidates.
• T&P candidate selects three letters that will go forward to the UMS Board of Trustees with tenure applications.

FAQ on External Review Letters

1. What exactly do you mean by an “arm’s length” relationship to my external reviewers?

Your external reviewers cannot be close collaborators or former advisers. You may have sat on the same panel at a conference with a potential evaluator, but you shouldn’t have co-organized that panel. You may both have published pieces in a special issue of a journal, but you shouldn’t have co-authored an article or co-edited that issue. Here’s one way to think of it: the reviewer should not be personally invested in your tenure and/or promotion case. They should be acting out of a sense of their own professionalism and duty of service to the profession, not out of any perceived pressure from or personal obligation to you.

2. My field is very small. I know everyone well. What do I do?

Consider how you are defining “my field.” Can you broaden it a little? It is probably better to take the risk of asking someone slightly adjacent to your field, than of asking someone whose letter might be viewed with suspicion or rejected due to a conflict of interest. At the very least, you will need to clearly state your relationship to your reviewers in the cover sheet. And be aware that external evaluators themselves are usually upfront about any existing relationship in the letter itself.

3. I have a good publication record, but I have not done a great job of networking. Can my external reviewers include people whom I have never met?

Yes, absolutely.

4. I have a really wide range of research interests. How am I ever going to find reviewers capable of evaluating all of it?

Think of your review letters holistically. Not every individual reviewer has to be an expert on/speak to your every area of research, but together, the letters should address the full range of your scholarly productivity.

5. I have an unusual academic position. What if this confuses reviewers?
If your responsibilities are atypical in any way (for example, you have a specific administrative assignment), speak with whomever is soliciting letters about how these unusual circumstances will be communicated to evaluators. You might also consider how to describe your role in your CV so that it is clear to evaluators.

6. *I have some questions that are not addressed here.*

The CLAS Associate Dean for Faculty Affairs and Interdisciplinary Programs will be happy to help!