The Challenges of Long Term Invasive Plant Management in Wetland and Riparian Environments

Andrew Priestley

Invasive Plant Species Management Supervisor, Vegetation Control Service, Inc.



Stewardship Committee Volunteer, Cape Elizabeth Land Trust





Working Near Water

Japanese Knotweed (*Reynoutria japonica*) on a river edge

Why do we NEED to work near water?

- Invasive plants love disturbance
- Water helps nourish and spread invasives
- Waterways are primary "vectors of transmission"



What are the challenges of working near water?

- Natural
- Regulatory
- Logistical and Practical
- Building Support
- Funding
- Mechanical Control Efforts



Natural Challenges

- Tides and water levels
- Erosion
- Weather
- Natural life cycles



Regulatory Challenges

- Shoreland Protection Act
- State wetland protection regulations
- State legislation
- Local regulations and bylaws





Logistical and Practical Challenges

- Access
- Materials selection
- Equipment selection



Working around water is complicated

Logistical and Practical Challenges

- High water can stop a project in its tracks
- Heavy activities can be confined to certain times of year due to bird migration and nesting or ground conditions





Project timing is important

Building Support: Justification

Invasive Management Plan

Overview

CELT Stewardship

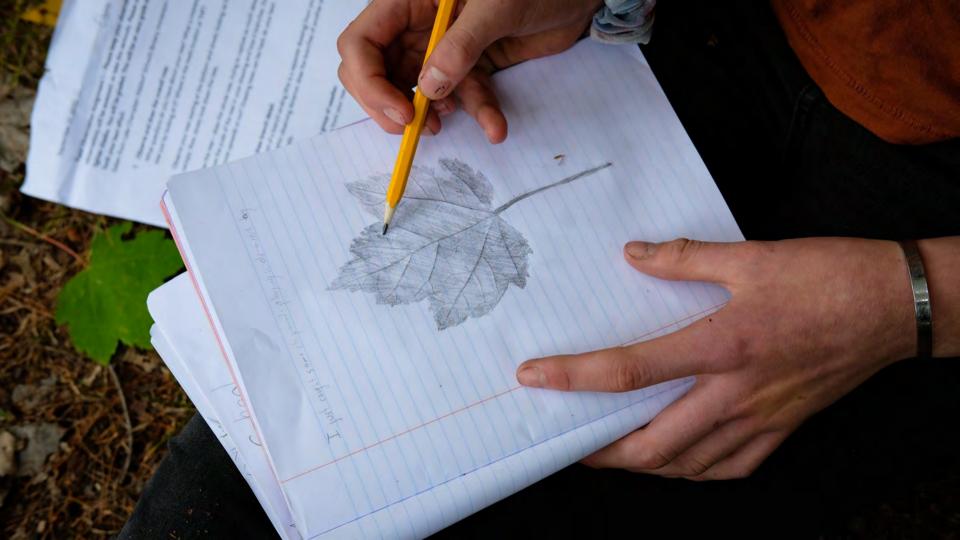




Building Support: Education





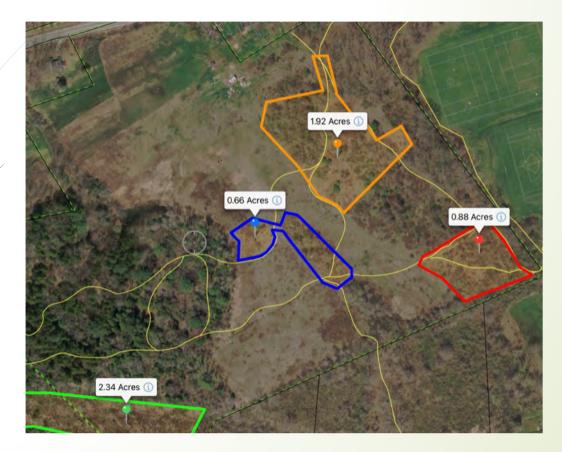


Building Support: Communication





Funding: Difficult to obtain



Funding: Length of project?



Funding: Next steps







Funding: Not for adjoining properties

Mechanical control: Effective for large projects?





Mechanical control:





"A different project, please!"

In conclusion:

It takes a lot of people, working together, making good decisions based on the conditions at hand to get the work done, while protecting our waters and habitats.

Of course, the biggest challenge is not getting lost in the beauty of it all....

