

Mapping Fifty Years of Changes in Maine's Water Quality Classifications

Becky Schaffner

Doug Suitor
Dave Courtemanch
Susan Davies
Eileen Sylvan Johnson

Before the Clean Water Act (1940s)

1942: Subcommittee on Classification of Streams in New England recommends the adoption of a 4* tier classification system based on highest use (Scott and Weston, 1942):

Classification of Waters According to Highest Use

The Committee endeavored first to classify waters according to their highest use, as follows:

- Class A—Waters used as sources of drinking water or for the cultivation of market shellfish.
- Class B—Waters used for bathing.
- Class C—Waters used for recreational boating, fishing, culture of seed oysters, or industrial supply after treatment.
- Class D—Waters used primarily for commercial navigation or transportation of wastes without nuisance.



1940s-1950s

- New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission (NEIWPCC, 1948) approves tentative standards based on the 1942 scheme (A, B, C, D, E).
 - Based on current use/status
 - Minimum DO criteria for A, B, C
 - Subjective and descriptive
 - oil and grease, odor, floating solids, color, and turbidity should be "not objectionable."
- Maine Sanitary Water Board (1946) releases initial survey of 6000 miles of rivers excluding major industrialized rivers
 - Assessed industries, population, amount of treated and untreated wastewater
 - Assigned a preliminary water class (A, B, C, D)



Changing Standards: 1964 to present

D C

B-2

B-1

•

A

Classifications prior to 1985

D. Allowed uses

Discharge of sewage and industrial vaste vilition public missance, industrial supply, nower

Standards

DO: 2mg/l Bacterial not specifie

C. Allowed uses

Boating, fishing, industrial supply; fish and wildlife habitat

Standards

DO: 5mg/l with variance to 4mg/l Fecal coliform: 1000/100ml

B-2. Allowed uses

Potable supply after treatment, contact recreation, industrial supply, fish and wildlife habitat

Standards

DO: 60% saturation and >5mg/l Fecal coliform: 200/100ml

B-1. Allowed uses Same as B-2

Standards

DO: 75% saturation and >5mg/l Fecal coliform: 60/100ml

В

A. Allowed uses

Potable supply after disinfection, contact recreation, fish and wildlife habitat

Standards

DO: 75% saturation Fecal coliform: 20/100ml

Classifications after 1985

C. Allowed uses

Potable water with treatment, fishing, contact recreation, hydropower, navigation, industrial /agriculture supply, fish and wildlife habitat

Standards

DO: 5mg/l; 60% saturation *E. coli***:

Aquatic life: community structure and function maintained; support all indigenous fish species

Characteristics

None specified

B. Allowed uses

Potable water with treatment, fishing, contact recreation, hydropower, navigation, industrial / agriculture supply, fish and wildlife habitat

Standards

DO*: 7mg/l; 75% saturation E. coli**: 64/100ml, Aquatic life: no detrimental change to community; support all aquatic species

Characteristics

Habitat unimpaired

A. Allowed uses

Potable water after disinfection, fishing, contact recreation, hydropower, navigation, industrial /agriculture supply, fish and wildlife habitat

Standards

DO: 7mg/l; 75% saturation
E. coli: as naturally occurs
Aquatic life: as naturally occurs

Characteristics

Habitat natural. Discharges of same quality as receiving water

AA. Allowed uses

Potable water after disinfection, fishing, contact recreation, navigation, agriculture supply, fish and wildlife habitat

AA

Standards

DO: as naturally occurs

E.coli: as naturally occurs

Aquatic life: as naturally occurs

Characteristics

Outstanding natural resource, Habitat natural and free-flowing, Discharges prohibited



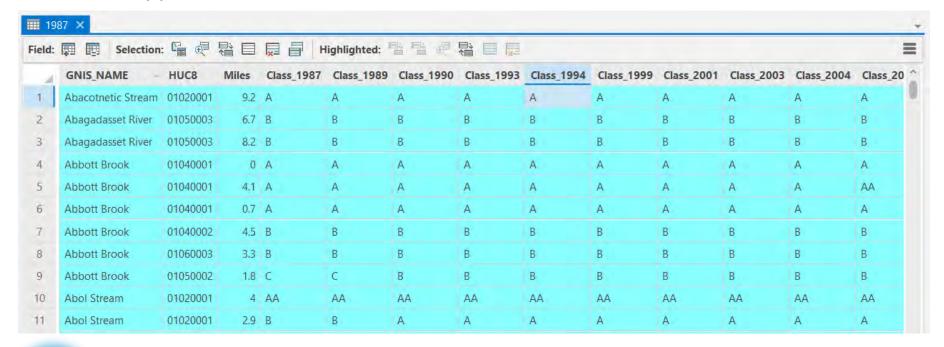
Mapping Water Classification History

- Major and minor revisions in 1970, 1979, 1987, 1989, 1990, 1993, 1994, 1999, 2001, 2003, 2004, and 2009. Also 2018 and 2022.
- "Blue Books" (up to 2009) classify state waters by major watersheds, minor drainages, and estuarine and marine waters.
 - 1. Androscoggin River Basin.
 - A. Androscoggin River, main stem, including all impoundments.
 - (1) From the Maine-New Hampshire boundary to its confluence with the Ellis River - Class B.
 - (2) From its confluence with the Ellis River to Worumbo Dam in Lisbon Falls Class C.
 - (3) From Worumbo Dam in Lisbon Falls to a line formed by the extension of the Bath-Brunswick boundary across Merrymeeting Bay in a northwesterly direction Class B.
 - B. Little Androscoggin River Drainage
 - (1) Little Androscoggin River, main stem...



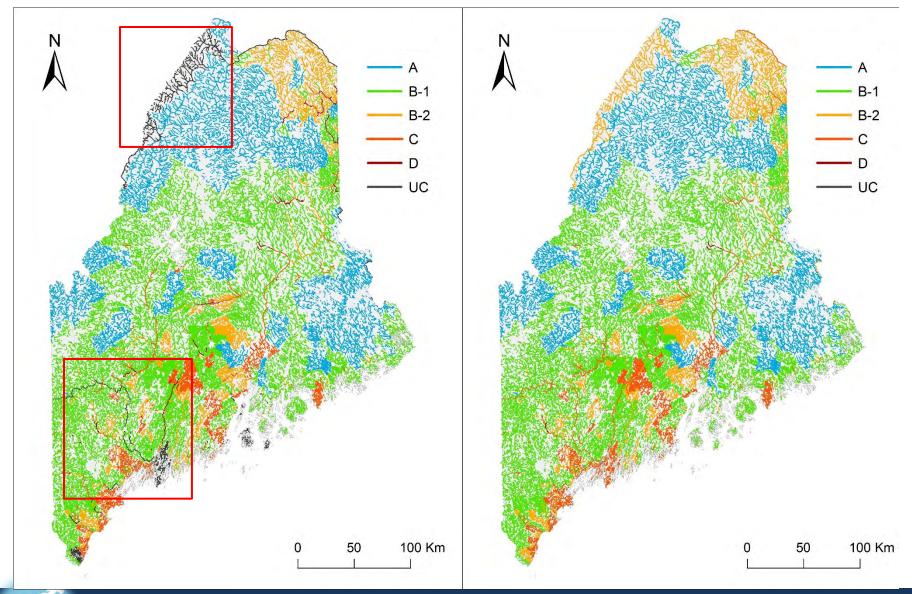
Mapping Water Classification History

- 1. Transcribe each set of statutes into an Excel file by major basin
- 2. 1964-1979 and 1985-2022 use two different classification systems and were mapped separately using Esri ArcMap.
- 3. The National Hydrography Dataset was used as the basis for mapping.
 - High resolution (1:24k); includes all waterbody types.
 - Approx. 77600km or 48000 miles of rivers and streams



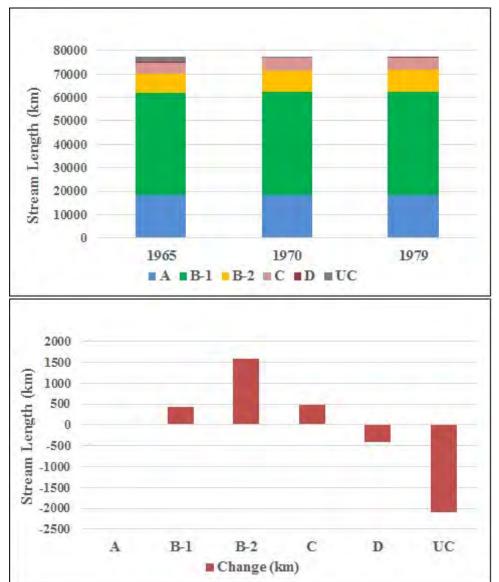


Pre-CWA: 1964 to 1979



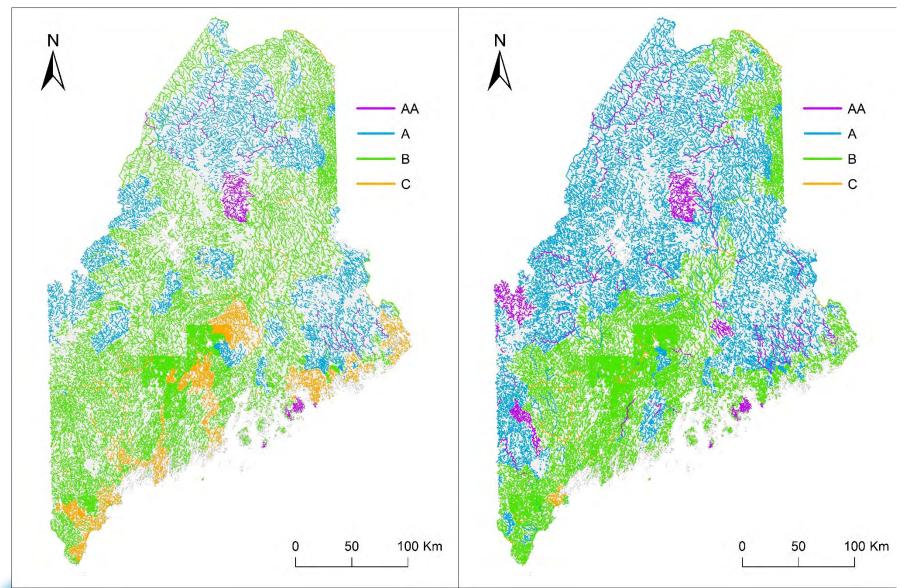


Pre-CWA: 1964 to 1979



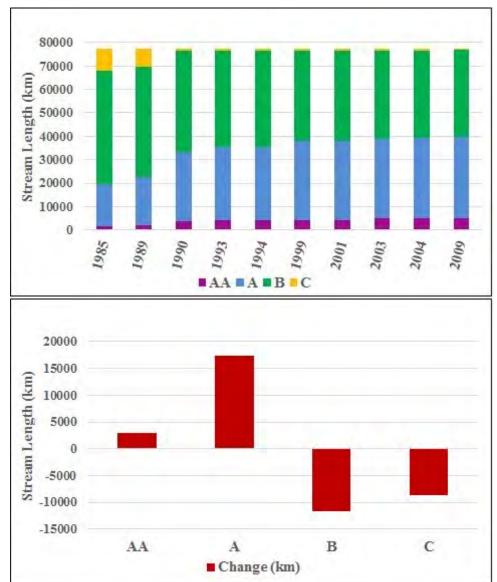


After CWA: 1985 to 2009



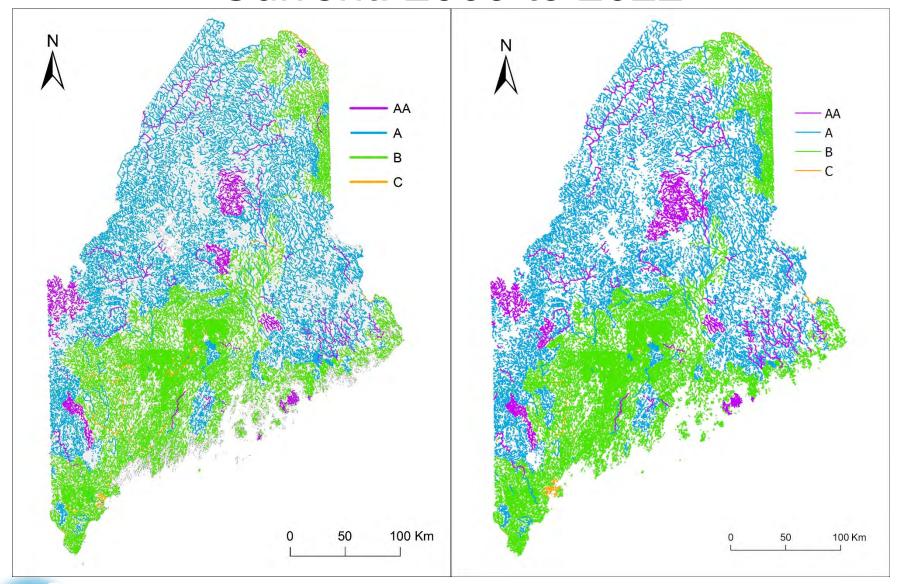


After CWA: 1985 to 2009



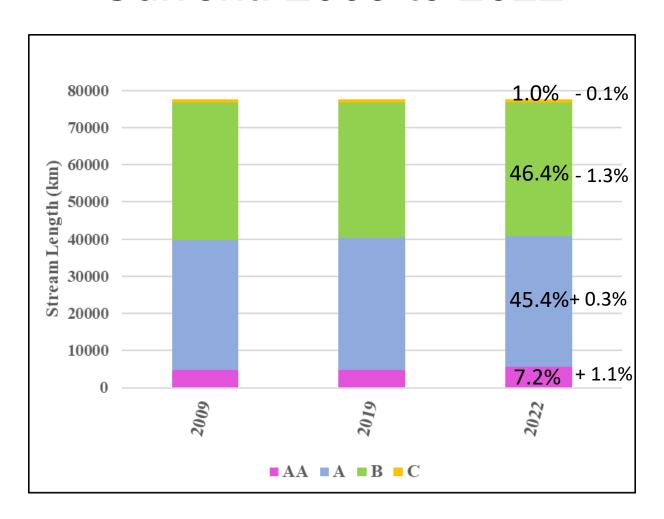


Current: 2009 to 2022





Current: 2009 to 2022





References

- https://bit.ly/MaineWaterClassHistory
- http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec467.html
- http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec468.html
- Scott, W. J., and A. D. Weston. 1942. Classification of inland and shore waters. Sewage Works Journal 14 (5):1064–73.
- Judd, R. W. 1990. The coming of the clean water acts in Maine, 1941–1961. Environmental History Review 14 (3): 50–73.
- Maine State Legislature. 1953. An act amending the water improvement commission and creating standards of classification. P.L. 1953 ch. 403 § 2.
- Schaffner et al. 2018. Mapping Fifty Years of Changes in Maine's Water Quality Classifications. Papers in Applied Geography, 4 (4): 358-369
- Courtemanch et al. In prep. Maine's Water Quality before and after the Clean Water Act: How Science, Law, Policy, and Public Aspirations Drove Seven Decades of Progress. Maine Policy Review.



