Principles of Effective Teaching

Adapted from research by M. Adams (2016), K. Bain (2004), K.A. Feldman (1976, 1988), M. Hildebrand (1971), W.J. McKeachie (2002), and L.B. Nilson (2003)

Prepared and Organized	 Plans for the semester, the unit, the week, the day's activities Provides a syllabus containing student learning outcomes, objectives, bibliography, assignments, homework, schedule, special requirements, grading, guidelines Begins and ends class on time
Clearly Communicates	 Shares information in a clear, understandable manner Capable of reducing knowledge to its simplest components Ties information together Relate theory, principles, and concepts to practical application Makes objectives available and clear Answers questions completely and freely Gives feedback regularly and in a manner that helps students learn Explains criticism
Stimulating Style	 Presents material/concepts in ways that are interesting and involving Reinforces major points with meaningful referent, example, or illustration Relates material to the students' world Relates material to actual experiences in real life Focuses on learning that will remain a permanent part of one's life and will be repeatedly used outside of class Develops the desire to want to know Spends time getting students excited to learn
Command of the Subject	 Knowledge in the content area(s) Current and ups tos date in the field Can demonstrate and illustrate the important aspects of the field Points out the contrasts and implications of various theories and principles Summarizes to aid learning and retention of material
Dynamic Enthusiasm	 Excited about teaching and shows it Sincerely interested in the subject matter Makes learning a pleasurable experience Exudes a positive attitude Uses enthusiasm to foster student excitement about the subject