Creative Commons Licensing & Non-Creative Geographic Data

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Melbourne Fulbright Lectures on Cyberlaw and Spatial Technologies

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So what's the problem?

Copyright upon creation

... whether you want it or not !

If someone creates a story, song, image or dataset and places it openly on the web is this free for me to copy without permission?

Depends

in most instances there is some *minimal creativity* in the work

If so,...

the law **assumes** you **MUST** acquire permission from the copyright holder

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How can you
KNOW that there is



some minimal creativity in a posted geographic dataset that would give it protection?

... user can't know

- ... creator can't know
- ... lawyer can't know

... can only know for certain

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when the gavel falls in court on case-bycase basis.

Without permission, you use the work of others at your peril Always **assume** that a party will emerge to sue you if you don't acquire explicit permission!

Are the effects of intellectual property laws on the Internet different?

Yes









Technology has shifted the balance!

Uses of Creative Works Internet

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Every use ... involves creating a copy

Fair uses and use of facts ... negated by requiring you to click a license before use







In addition, laws across the globe are tightening ... common sense that we should battle digital thieves.

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... extra protections under sweat of brow, unfair competition, catalogue, database protection concepts

Bottom Line:

We all tend to avoid use of the work products of others because ...

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we don't know their legal status

and ...

asking permission is too burdensome to bother with.

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... hundreds of millions of orphaned digital works

... or many of us are law breakers

But that's not how it should be

Change the law!

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... good luck.

Use the law ...

and technology

to create an electronic commons we can all openly use!

Creative Commons Licenses

with a few clicks, in less than a minute, create iron clad licenses for any of your work

Creative Commons Licenses all have important features in

COMMON ...

Every license will help you

• retain your copyright

• announce that other people's fair use, first sale, and free expression rights are not affected by the license.

Every license <u>requires</u> licensees to obtain your permission to do any of the things you choose to restrict

- to keep any copyright notice intact on all copies of your work;
- to link to your license from copies of the work;

- not alter the terms of the license
- not use technology to restrict other licensees' lawful uses of the work.

Every license allows licensees, provided they live up to your conditions,

• to copy the work

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• to distribute it



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 to make digital public performances of it (e.g., webcasting)

 to shift the work into another format as a verbatim copy.



applies worldwide

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 lasts for the duration of the work's copyright



What are some of the restrictions you might "click" to include in your CC License?



You let others copy, distribute, display, and perform your copyrighted work — and derivative works based upon it **but only if they give credit the way you request** (now included in every standard license)



You let others copy, distribute, display, and perform your work — and derivative works based upon it — **but for noncommercial purposes only**

No Derivative Works



You let others copy, distribute, display, and perform **only verbatim copies of your work**, not derivative works based upon it.

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Share Alike



You allow others to distribute derivative works only under a license identical to the license that governs your work.

That's about it ... simple

... well over 100 million licenses created and linked back

Other specialty cc license options ...



Founders Copyright

Public Domain Dedication

Music Sampling License

Music Sharing License

Wiki License

General Public License



Can also embed the cc license in Word file, pdf, etc.

For a Commons of Science ...

... what cc license best fits the mores and traditions of science of the past several hundred years

For creative works,

... click only attribution

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What about data sets and databases?

Many datasets are not creative works and many databases are not copied.

- Facts are discovered, not created. Are empirical observations & measurements, facts?
- Arrangements and selection of facts not creative if standard.

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• Don't typically extract the creative elements from databases.

Creative Commons licenses apply only to copies of creative works.

As a general proposition,

... do NOT apply cc licenses to data and databases.

What to do?

... use provisions adhering to the Science Commons open access database protocol

To ensure your data can be used legally across the web for data mining, web mapping services, and map feature services ...

use CC0 - No Rights Reserved

• NOT a license

• way to waive all copyright and database rights to the extent you may have these rights in any jurisdiction (not yet announced) Widespread use by science community data producers across the globe,

... should make web based data mining and data integration legally defensible

References/Sources

Creative Commons Website http://creativecommons.org

Science Commons Website http://sciencecommons.org

Lessig, Lawrence (2004). Free Culture: The Nature and Future of Creativity. New York: Penguin Books